

1902.



County Borough of Southampton.

REGULATIONS

WITH RESPECT TO

DAIRIES, COWSHEDS, And MILKSHOPS.

R. R. LINTHORNE,

Town Clerk.

Printed by Edwin S. Mead, 7, Hanover Buildings, Southampton.

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County Borough of Southampton.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACTS, 1878 and 1886.

The Dairies, Cowsheds and Milkshops Orders of 1885, 1886, and 1889.

REGULATIONS made by the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of the County Borough of Southampton, acting by the Council, with respect to Dairies, Cowsheds and Milkshops in the County Borough of Southampton.

INTERPRETATION.

1.—Throughout these Regulations the expression "The Council" means the Town Council of the County Borough of Southampton; the expression "The District" means the County Borough of Southampton; and the expression "Cowkeeper" means any person following the trade of a Cowkeeper or Dairyman who is, or is required to be registered under the Dairies, Cowsheds and Milkshops Order of 1885.

REVOCATION OF FORMER REGULATIONS AND DATE OF COMING INTO OPERATION OF THESE REGULATIONS.

2.—These Regulations shall come into force on the first day of September, 1902, and from and after that date the Regulations made by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses acting by the Council, on the twenty-seventh day of June, 1894, in pursuance of the Dairies, Cowsheds and Milkshops Order of 1885, shall be revoked.

FOR THE INSPECTION OF CATTLE IN DAIRIES.

3.—In every case where the Medical Officer of Health, Inspector of Nuisances, or any other officer specially authorised by the Council in that behalf, has for the purpose of inspection, obtained access to a Dairy in pursuance of the Statutory provision in that behalf, no person shall wilfully obstruct any such officer in the inspection of the cattle therein, and the occupier of such Dairy shall not, without reasonable

excuse, neglect or refuse when required by any such officer to render him such assistance as may be reasonably necessary for the purposes of such inspection.

For prescribing and regulating the Lighting, Ventilation, Cleansing, Drainage, and Water Supply of Dairies and Cowsheds in the occupation of persons following the trade of Cowkeepers or Dairymen.

4.—Every Cowkeeper shall:—

LIGHTING.

(a) Cause every Dairy and Cowshed in his occupation to be adequately lighted in such manner as to secure the passage of light into every part of the interior of such Dairy and Cowshed.

VENTILATION.

- (b) Cause every Dairy and Cowshed in his occupation to be provided with adequate means of ventilation, and to be properly ventilated at all times when such Dairy or Cowshed is in use.
- (c) Cause the ventilation of every building which, subsequently to the date of the coming into force of these Regulations, may be newly occupied as a Dairy or Cowshed, to be effected by means of a sufficient number of openings or windows in the walls on two opposite sides of the building, or in the wall on one side and in the roof, so as to afford effectual means of ventilation by direct connection with the external air, and shall in addition, where such openings and windows are constructed so as to close, cause adequate means of constant ventilation to be provided by means of lantern louvred ventilators in the roof of such building, or by louvred ventilators in the walls of such building, or by some other effectual method or appliance.

5.—A Cowkeeper shall not cause or allow any Cowshed in his occupation, the cows from which are habitually grazed on grass land during the greater part of the year, and when not so grazed are habitually turned out during a portion of each day, to be occupied by a larger number of cows than will leave not less than six hundred feet of air space for each cow.

He shall not cause or allow any Cowshed in his occupation other than a Cowshed the Cows from which are habitually grazed on grass land during the greater part of the year, and when not so grazed are habitually turned out during a portion of each day, to be occupied by a larger number of cows than will leave not less than eight hundred feet of air space for each cow.

Provided that in calculating the air space for the purposes of this regulation, no space shall be reckoned which is more than sixteen feet above the floor; but if the roof or ceiling is inclined then the mean height of the same above the floor may be taken as the height thereof for the purposes of this regulation.

CLEANSING AND WATER SUPPLY.

- 6.—Every Cowkeeper shall :—
- (a) Cause every part of the interior of every Dairy and Cowshed in his occupation to be thoroughly cleansed from time to time as often as may be necessary to secure that such Dairy and Cowshed shall be at all times reasonably clean and sweet.
- (b) Cause the ceiling or interior of the roof, and the walls of every Cowshed in his occupation to be properly limewashed twice at least in every year, that is to say, once during the month of April and once during the month of October, and at such other times as may be necessary.

Provided that this requirement shall not apply to any part of such ceiling, roof or walls, that may be properly painted, or varnished, or constructed of, or covered with any material such as to render the limewashing unsuitable or inexpedient, and that may be otherwise properly cleansed.

- (c) Cause the floor of every Dairy and Cowshed in his occupation to be thoroughly cleansed with water at least once in every day.
- (d) Cause all dung and other offensive matter to be swept up and removed from every Cowshed as often as may be necessary, and at least twice a day;
- (e) Provide for every Dairy and Cowshed in his occupation a proper and sufficient water supply ;
- (f) Cause every trough in which such water shall be placed, for the use of cattle, to be emptied and cleansed thoroughly as often as may be necessary, and at least once every day.
- (g) In every case where water may be stored, for the purpose of supplying any Dairy or Cowshed, in a cistern or cisterns, cause such cistern to be conveniently placed so as to allow of ready access, and to be properly constructed and covered, and kept in a cleanly condition, and not to be placed in any place where the water may become fouled.

DRAINAGE.

- 7.—(a) Every Cowkeeper shall cause the drainage of every Cowshed in his occupation to be so arranged that all liquid matter which may fall or be cast upon the floor may be conveyed by a suitable open channel to a drain inlet, situate in the open air at a proper distance from any door or window of such Cowshed, or to some other suitable place of disposal which is so situate.
- (b) He shall not cause or suffer any inlet to any drain of such Cowshed to be within such Cowshed.

For securing the cleanliness of Milk Stores, Milk Shops, and of Milk Vessels used for containing milk for sale.

8.—Every occupier of a Milk Store or Milk Shop shall :-

(a) Cause every Milk Store or Milk Shop in his occupation to be kept at all times in a cleanly state, and shall cause the ceiling and interior of the walls of every such Milk Store or Milk Shop to be thoroughly cleansed and lime-whitened or coloured as often as occasion shall require, not being less than twice in every year, viz. : in the months of April and October.

Provided, nevertheless, that the foregoing Regulation shall not apply to any wall, the internal surface of which is painted, or where the material of, or with which such surface is constructed or covered, is such as to render the lime-whiting or colouring thereof unsuitable or inexpedient, and so long as such surface is kept thoroughly cleansed;

- (b) Cause the floor of such Milk Store or Milk Shop, and every shelf, counter, and other furniture therein, to be thoroughly washed at the termination of every day during which they may have been in use.
- 9.—A Cowkeeper shall not cause or suffer any solid, animal, or vegetable matter or thing, or any liquid other than milk, to be deposited or kept in any milk vessel used or intended to be used for containing milk for sale.
- 10. (a) Every Cowkeeper shall from time to time, as often as may be necessary, cause every milk-vessel that may be used by him for containing milk for sale to be thoroughly cleansed with steam or clean boiling water, and shall otherwise take all proper precautions for the maintenance of such milk-vessel in a constant state of cleanliness.
- (b) He shall, on every occasion when any such vessel shall have been used to contain milk, or shall have been returned to him after having been out of his possession, cause such vessel to be forthwith so cleansed.

For prescribing precautions to be taken by Purveyors of Milk or persons selling Milk by retail against infection or contamination.

- 11.—A Purveyor of Milk or person selling milk by retail shall not :—
- (a) Cause or permit any milk to be stored on his premises in any cellar or room in which there is any inlet or opening to a drain, or either in the manner of storage or of distribution do any act or thing likely to expose any milk to infection or contamination, or omit to do any act or thing necessary for the due protection of such milk from infection or contamination;
- (b) Use for the delivery of milk for sale to any person, any can or other vessel that may have been in the possession of any person who he has been informed or has reasonable grounds for believing, was at the time suffering from a dangerous infectious disorder, or

receive any can or other vessel that may have been delivered or left at the residence of such person, until such can or vessel shall have been thoroughly disinfected and cleansed.

- (c) Cause or permit any room used for the storage or sale of milk to be occupied as a living room, nor cause or permit any such room to communicate by door, window, or other aperture with any bedroom, or with any other place likely to cause contamination of the milk.
- (d) Cause or suffer any cow belonging to him, or under his care or control, to be milked for the purpose of obtaining milk for sale:—
- (1.) Unless at the time of milking the udder and teats of such cow are thoroughly clean; and
- (2.) Unless the hands of the person milking such cow, also, are thoroughly clean and free from all infection and contamination.
- 12.—A purveyor of milk, or person selling milk by retail, shall not cause or suffer any diseased cow belonging to him, or under his care or control, to be in the same Dairy or Cowshed, or other place in which any healthy cow is kept, unless completely isolated from such healthy cow.

PENALTIES.

13.—Every person who shall offend against any of the foregoing Regulations shall be liable for every such offence to a penalty of five pounds, and in the case of a continuing offence, to a further penalty of forty shillings for each day after written notice of the offence from the Council.

Provided, nevertheless, that the Justices or Court before whom any complaint may be made, or any proceedings may be taken in respect of any such offence, may, if they think fit, adjudge the payment as a penalty of any sum less than the full amount of the penalty imposed by this regulation.

The Corporate Seal of the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses, was affixed hereto by order of the Council this Sixteenth day of July, 1902, in the presence of



F. A. DUNSFORD, *Mayor*.

R. R. LINTHORNE,

Town Clerk.